CONSERVATION / CREATION. The contribution of Conservation to urban futures

A palimpsest of knowledge

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Working method: brainstorming



Working method

Genoa case studies



HC + AdP



Physical conservation as a condition for social and cultural vitality

↓ Old and new as dimensions of the future: the embrace of hybridity





Case studies: themes

Genoa historic centre

Complex situation / Bad living conditions Social issues/social needs

Aging

Layering /diversity/ today use/existing building elements

Risk of gentrification

Requirements

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Contemporary comfort condition: needs/light/air Accessibility

How to contrast gentrification through current policies Manage new needs/emergencies

Albergo dei Poveri

Out of scale Microcosm Rich area Built to isolate/social control/segregation Changing of built environment

Requirements Find a new use/meaning Answer to contemporary social needs Making it a connection element (social and physical) linking it with the built environment Redefine the connections and open the boundaries

Differences: Scale, building process Similarities: loosing of meaning, need to find a new meaning /new relation with urban and social context



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1. Conservation as a medium for creation (or an expression of creation)





Conserving as a creating act

-What is creation /what is invention -Whatever produces something new

'Freezing' is not possible/Inevitable choices

What is the 'space' for creation within conservation ?

-Understanding the meaning: knowledge
-Relation between 'built form' and 'life needs'
-Interpreting 'built' form vs re-interpreting
-Coping with diversity and new life styles
-Small actions vs large interventions
-Coordinated intervention vs timely actions



Ex oratorio next to the Garaventa School



New meanings: how to address them? Within a framework



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Preserving implies changes-Creativity lies in choices

Conservation framework

- Transmission of values-understanding of traces :
 - Authenticity-material culture
 - Values carriers as anchor of creation
 - Meaning as conceptual dimenson of architecture shape. Re-interpretation of the origin condition vs understanding the buiding process
- Balance
 - New possible solutions (technical pioneered techniques to meet our needs.
 - Conserve layers which could make the things richer

New meanings: how to address them? Tools

- Architecture and conservation help to find a way to preserve identity of city and population itself
- Through interpretation
 - Looking for new meanings through
 - new experiences that may also inolve sensorial capacities (smell, herng..)
 - the comprehension of the new dentity
 - Giving a solution to social and economical problems
- Turning around the ideological purpose.
- Looking for connection through compatible uses
- Intervening on Social/hygienical conditions as main issues that drive positioning dynamic

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- Dealing with complex ideas

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New meanings: how to address them? Risks



del Paesaggio

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Transmission / translation : lost in translation: risks of reinterpretation and creation

- Misunderstanding changes
- Imposing values that are extraneous to the context
- Unaware confidence in ICT

2. Physical conservation as a condition for social and cultural vitality





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Additional uses as a mean to address conservation of physical environment

-overlapping urban conservation policies with social activities to enhance public awareness and addressing building conservation and maintenance

-communities should be involved from the beginning and not in continuity with intervention (selection of the intervention, technical choices...)

 Not large intervention but minimal actions.
 Bringing new uses through little interventions (football goal, plants, Vigne courtyard, Don Hallo square) new perspectives.



Image: Application of the second systemImage: Second systemScuola diImage: Application of the second systemImage: Second systemSecond systemImage: Application of the second systemImage: Second systemSecond system

People centred conservation: when is the involvment starting?

-Vitality has to be enhanced all day long. Adding e.g. more levels of 'public use' as administrative functions

-Physical conservation to make it possible that new communities can find 'shelter' and also address their own meanings to enhance cohesion between old an new inhabitants.

-Conservation as continuous development of an urban place in relation to the needs of dwelling (Genoa: density, porosity and complex orogrpahy)

-Keeping a balance between authenticity contextuality and innovation

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Cooperative Alice Noli in Genoa

Where does social engagement happen?

-Care of built environment

Different levels of experiencing the historic centre:1. Permanent dwellings;

2. 2nd residence;

3. occasional dwellings-students; tourists). Valuable inputs to be brought from different level of living the city.

-Giving a role to the inhabitants within conservation work through their social and economic engagement

-Merging old and new uses to enhance the relationship between them



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3. Old and new as dimension of the future: the embrace of hybridity





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How does the old maintain its signficance within renewal processes?

- Taking care of traces
- Awareness of community in order to understand its structure and their needs: for instance through education
- The old keeps its significance if it keeps its relationship with the context sometimes through contrast
- Responsibility of architecture as a possible catalist of uses





Who decides and how?

- psychological instances, human behaviour, level of sharing of values, urban policies, value of buildings/academics, public institutions, politics, urban society
- Limits of the intervention imposed by the building given by knowledge and understanding of the existing building









